# **Sundance** Spas



#### **Important Pre-Delivery Information**

#### Please read this booklet before your scheduled delivery day.

Record your spa information below and then store this booklet in a place you can easily find it. If service is required, your dealer will ask for these details.

**To Keep Warranty Valid:** Consult your local state or city building ordinances to ensure installation is in accordance with local codes. The spa's warranty becomes void if these guidelines are not followed.

NOTE:

Most cities and counties require permits for exterior construction and electrical circuits. In addition, some communities have codes requiring residential barriers such as fencing and/or self-closing gates on the property to prevent unsupervised access to a spa by children. Your Sundance dealer can provide information on which permits may be required and how to obtain them prior to delivery of your spa.

NOTE:

The specifications published in the Spa Dimensions and Specifications section of this book are approximate. Always measure your spa before making critical design or delivery decisions.

#### Congratulations!

You've purchased a Sundance® spa. With a little preparation and care, your spa will give you many years of enjoyment. This booklet has been designed to provide you with all of the information you'll need to ensure a safe, speedy, and trouble-free spa delivery and installation.

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#### **California Proposition 65 Warning**

FOR CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS ONLY
NUR FÜR EINWOHNER KALIFORNIENS
POUR LES RÉSIDENTS DE LA CALIFORNIE SEULEMENT
PARA RESIDENTES DE CALIFORNIA ÚNICAMENTE



**WARNING:** Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust, a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.p65Warnings.ca.gov/wood



**ACHTUNG:** Das Bohren, Sägen, Schleifen oder Zerspanen von Holzprodukten kann Stäube freisetzen. Diese Substanz gilt im US-Bundesstaat Kalifornien als krebserregend. Möglichst keinen Holzstaub einatmen bzw. eine Staubmaske oder anderweitige persönliche Schutzmaßnahmen einsetzen. Weitere Informationen finden Sie auf www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood



**AVERTISSEMENT:** Le forage, le sciage, le ponçage ou l'usinage des produits du bois peuvent vous exposer à la poussière de bois, une substance connue dans l'État de Californie pour causer le cancer. Éviter d'inhaler la poussière de bois ou utiliser un masque antipoussières ou d'autres mesures de protection personnelle. Pour de plus amples renseignements, consulter le site www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood



ADVERTENCIA: Perforar, cortar, lijar o usar máquinas con productos de madera le puede exponer a polvo de madera, una substancia reconocida por el Estado de California como causante de cáncer. Evite inhalar polvo de madera o utilice una máscara antipolvo u otros resguardos para protección personal. Para más información, visite www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/wood

6530-460 Rev A (12/18)

FOR CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS ONLY
NUR FÜR EINWOHNER KALIFORNIENS
POUR LES RÉSIDENTS DE LA CALIFORNIE SEULEMENT
PARA RESIDENTES DE CALIFORNIA ÚNICAMENTE



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm www.p65Warnings.ca.gov



ACHTUNG: Krebserregend und mit fortpflanzungsschädigender Wirkung-www.p65Warnings.ca.gov



AVERTISSEMENT: Cancer et danger pour la reproduction www.p65Warnings.ca.gov



ADVERTENCIA: Cáncer y daño reproductivo www.p65Warnings.ca.gov

6530-464 Rev A (12/18)

#### Planning the Best Location for Your Spa

Now that you have purchased your hot tub, you need to decide where to install it. Do you want to install it outside or inside? There are many factors to take into consideration when making these location decisions. Answering the guestions in this section can help you make the right choices.

#### **Suggestions for Outdoor Spa Installation**

Where should I install the spa?

When deciding where to place your spa, it should be:

Because of the risk of severe injury from electric shock or death from electrocution.
 Moved away from overhead power lines. A minimum of 10 feet (3 meters) is suggested. See additional safety instructions listed in the owners manual.



- Placed to face a view you enjoy. Do you have a special landscaped area in your yard that you find pleasant?
- Located in an area that gives you the best privacy options. Think of the spa's surroundings during all seasons when making your choice. During cold, winter weather, bare trees won't provide much privacy.
- Locate your spa in a sheltered location to protect yourself from the wind and harsh weather while bathing in your spa. This reduces the cost of spa operation and maintenance.
- Consider locating your spa away from any reflective surface or glass. The heat deflected from such a surface may cause damage to the synthetic cabinet panels.

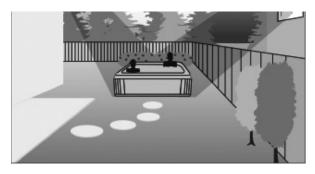


Figure 1 Plan for privacy before the spa is delivered

#### Planning the Best Location for Your Spa, Continued

#### What kind of foundation is available?

• Because of the combined weight of the spa, water, and bathers, it is extremely important that the base upon which the spa rests can uniformly support this weight without shifting or settling for the entire time the spa is in place. The base should be smooth, flat, and level.

#### Which is best?

We suggest the following pads:



#### Good

Synthetic spa pads can be purchased from your Sundance dealer. These pads can be placed on a smooth, flat, and level surface



#### Better

Wood decking with a concrete foundation.



#### Recommended

Concrete pad (4 in. [10 cm] or thicker). We recommend a poured, reinforced concrete slab with a minimum thickness of 4 in. (10 cm).

- **CAUTION:** When you install the foundation, be sure that water drains away from it. Placing the spa in a depression without provisions for proper drainage could cause rain or any water overflow to flood the equipment and create a wet condition in which the spa would sit.
- CAUTION: For spas that are to rest on balconies, roofs or other platforms not specifically tied into the main structural support, you should consult a professional Structural Engineer with experience in this type of application.
- **CAUTION:** If the spa is placed on a surface which does not meet these requirements, damage to the cabinet and/or the spa shell may result. Damage caused by an improper foundation is not covered under warranty. It is your responsibility to assure the integrity of the support at all times. Do not shim the spa. For proper support, the spa must sit flat on the intended foundation.
- WARNING: Proper ventilation should be discussed with an Engineer or authority competent enough to understand the necessary provisions needed to vent moist or heated air and air associated with chemical odors outdoors. When the spa is in use considerable amounts of moisture will escape potentially causing mold and mildew, over time this can damage certain surfaces and or surroundings.

#### Planning the Best Location for Your Spa, Continued

#### How will I use the spa?

Consider how you intend to use your spa.

If using the spa for	Then
Family recreation	Leave plenty of room around the spa for activities and yard furniture.
Relaxation and therapy	Create a quiet and relaxing environment around the spa.

# Does the climate I live in make any difference to where I install my spa?

When deciding the best place to install the spa, consider

If your climate is	Then consider installing	
Cold and snowy in winter and warm in summer	The spa close to the back door or near the pool house for fast access to a warm room	
Warm in winter and hot in summer	A patio cover or perhaps a gazebo to provide shade	

### What about spa servicing?

At some time, a service technician may need to access the spa's equipment bay or plumbing components by removing one or all of the side cabinet panels.

To make access easy, create an installation plan that includes the details for removing the side cabinet panels to easily reach the spa's equipment bay and control panel. Depending upon your type of installation, keep in mind that the spa might sometime need to be moved or lifted from the ground. Make sure you provide access to the CLEARRAY® Water Purification System behind the front cabinet panel for yearly bulb replacement.

### What other issues should I consider?

When selecting the ideal outdoor location for your spa, consider these suggestions:

- Keep the pathway to your spa free of debris to prevent dirt and leaves from being tracked into the spa.
- Prevent leaves and bits of plants from dropping in the spa by keeping trees and shrubbery away from the spa.
- For 780/880 Models: We recommend installing the front of your spa facing a window on your home with the Status Indicator in a direct line-of-sight. This orientation allows you to visually check the Status Indicator in all weather conditions from the comfort of your home. The indicator glows white when all systems are normal, turns red if an error condition exists, or turns off when the spa has no power.

#### Suggestions for Indoor Spa Installation

If you are installing your spa indoors, take into consideration your answers to the questions below.

What are the issues I need to think about when installing a spa indoors?

When installing a spa indoors, it is extremely important to build into your plan a method of handling any excess water. Consider:

- How should water spills be handled?
- How many drains should be installed?
- What is the best flooring to install near the spa?
- If a leak occurs, can the floor handle the entire contents of the spa?
- Will the furniture and walls around my spa withstand and resist water and moisture?
- What provisions should I make for the ceiling and structures that may be below the spa.

What do I need to know about installing a spa on the second floor.

If the spa is being installed on a second story or higher, consult a structural engineer to discuss the best way to support the spa. Special attention is needed to plan for a spa installed on a balcony or roof.

What about spa servicing?

Most spa servicing is performed on the spa equipment that is located behind the side cabinet panels of the spa. It is important to install the spa to allow easy access to the spa equipment. Make sure you provide access to the CLEARRAY® Water Purification System behind the front cabinet panel for yearly bulb replacement.

How can I ventilate the spa area?

When the spa is in use, considerable amounts of moisture/water are present. Over time, this moisture may cause mold and mildew and damage to certain surfaces and/or surroundings. Proper ventilation should be discussed with an engineer who understands the necessity of venting moist and heated air that is associated with chemical emissions.

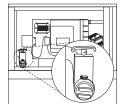
What warranty considerations are important?

Consult your local state or city building ordinances to ensure installation is in accordance with local codes. Any damage caused if you do not follow these guidelines voids the spa's warranty.

#### Planning the Best Location for Your Spa, Continued

### What other issues should I consider?

We recommend installing the spa to permit easy access to the quick-drain port located behind the front/center cabinet panel on the control panel side of the hot tub.



An included drain hose assembly attaches to this port to provide rapid water removal during scheduled water changes. When draining your spa, always route drain water away from the spa and the foundation of your house into an area capable of absorbing large amounts of water without causing damage to your property. Remember, your spa holds several hundred gallons of water. For this reason, we recommend choosing a location that drains directly to the street curb whenever possible.

#### Planning to Move the Spa Into Your Yard

Use the information below, in Figure 2, and in the Spa Dimensions and Specifications chart to plan the delivery of your spa into your yard. The Spa Dimensions and Specifications chart list your spa model and its dimensions.

### Check your spa's dimensions

Check the width of gates, doors, and sidewalks to make sure your spa will pass through unobstructed.

During delivery, the spa must remain on the delivery cart at all times. You may have to remove a gate or part of a fence to allow an unobstructed passageway to the installation location.

**Note:** To prevent damage to the panels and acrylic, if possible, leave the packaging on until the spa is in place.

### Plan the delivery route

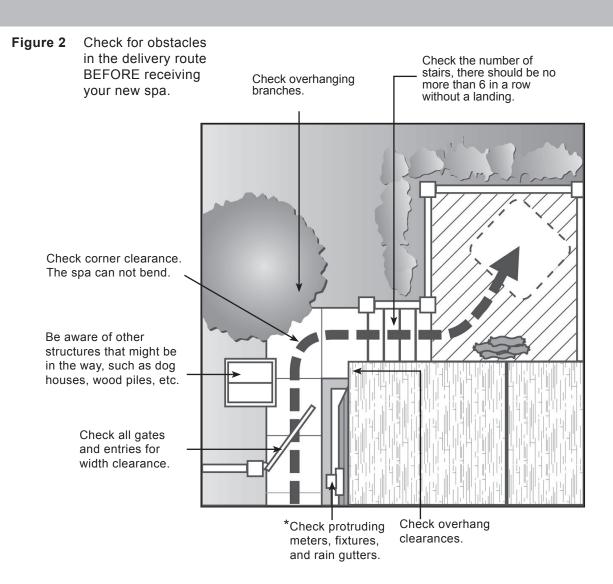
After referring to Figure 2, plan your spa's delivery route into your yard. Check off each item on the checklist below to verify your plans.

- If the delivery route requires a 90° turn, check the measurements at the turn to ensure the spa will fit.
- Are there protruding gas or water meters, or A/C units obstructing the delivery path to your yard? You must make sure that the spa has a clear unobstructed route and will not strike any objects on the path, therefore creating a detectable or non-detectable leak or damage.
- Are there low roof eaves, overhanging branches, or rain gutters that could be an obstruction to overhead clearance?
- Are there more than 6 consecutive stairs without a landing in your delivery route? If so, you must consult your Sundance dealer prior to delivery to make adequate preparations.

#### Use a crane

The use of a crane for delivery and installation is sometimes necessary. It is used primarily to avoid damage to your spa, your property, or to delivery personnel. Your authorized Sundance dealer may be able to assist you with the arrangements. If your spa delivery requires the use of a crane, the cost of a crane is not included in standard delivery service.

#### Planning to Move the Spa Into Your Yard, Continued



\*CAUTION: You must make sure that the spa has a clear unobstructed route and will not strike any objects on the path, therefore creating a detectable or non-detectable leak or damage.

#### **Electrical Tasks Before Spa Delivery**

#### **General Electrical System Considerations**



Before the installation of your spa begins, check with the local building department to ensure this installation conforms to local building codes.

#### **Important**



When installed in the United States, the electrical wiring of this spa must meet the requirements of the National Electric Code (NEC) and any applicable state or local codes. The electrical circuit must be installed by an electrical contractor AND approved by a local building/electrical inspector.



DANGER: TO DECREASE THE RISK OF SHOCK, PRODUCT DAMAGE OR ELECTRICAL FIRE. Never use an extension cord of any kind. Using an extension cord can damage the spa equipment and void your warranty.

The Sundance Denali®, Dover™, Tacoma®, Prado™, Prado5™ North American models include a 10 foot GFCI cord for plug-in 120V operation. Connect this cord directly to a dedicated/grounded wall outlet. When a power cord over 10 ft. is required, the spas must be hard wired in accordance with state and local codes.

Before the scheduled arrival of your spa, it is necessary to set up the electrical components. Use the checklist below to prepare for the spa's installation.

Prepare the electrical connection for your spa based on one of the configurations listed below. If necessary, refer to the Power Configuration tables for additional information by model.

If installing a spa that is	Then it must be
240V (North America)	Hard wired to the power supply.
120V (North America)	Plugged into a dedicated grounded outlet using the 10' GFCI cord supplied with the spa. Hard wire for over 10' run or 4-wire 120V/240V application.

#### Electrical Tasks Before Spa Delivery, Continued

**To Keep Warranty Valid**: The manufacturer's warranty becomes void if the spa's electrical connections do not meet the specifications as stated in this document.

- Verify the power supplied to the spa is on a dedicated circuit with no other appliances or lights sharing the power.
- Verify the electrician has completed the tasks listed below before the spa is delivered. If necessary, find the information requested by looking in the Power Configuration tables.

Task Complete?	Tasks for the electrician		
$\Diamond$	Select the wire size based on NEC and/or local codes.		
	Note	If you use wire larger than #6 (10 mm²), add a junction box near the spa, and reduce the wire to short lengths of #6 (10 mm²) wire between the junction box and the spa.	
$\Diamond$	Determine the length of wire that is needed between the breaker box and the spa based on the wire size and the maximum current draw.		
$\Diamond$	Acquire enough copper wire with THHN insulation to ensure adequate connections.		

- To comply with Section 422-20 of the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA 70, the electrical supply for the spa must include a suitably rated switch or circuit breaker to open all ungrounded supply conductors. The means to disconnect the electricity must be readily accessible to the spa's occupant, but installed at least 5 ft. (1.5m) from the spa water. Check with local municipalities for additional code requirements.
- As required by NEC Article 680-42, the electrical circuit for the spa must include a suitable ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI). We recommend Square-D GFCI breakers. The appropriate wiring configuration for your spa appear elsewhere in this document.
- This spa is not intended nor designed to be used in a commercial or public application. The spa buyer shall determine whether there are any code restrictions on the use or installation of this spa since local code requirements vary from one locality to another.

Check the tables on the next few pages to match your hot tub model with one of the power configuration options.

#### **Electrical Tasks After Spa Delivery**



#### Important safety information for all spa models

Proper grounding is extremely important. This spa is equipped with a Current Collector system. A pressure securing wire connector is provided on the outside of the load box to permit connection of a bonding wire between the spa and any metal within 5 ft. (1.5m) of the spa. Bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.

After the spa is placed in the specified location, the electrician must perform the tasks listed below to complete the electrical installation. Give this information to the electrician when he begins to install your spa.

Task	Action		
1	To gain access to the spa's power terminal strip, remove the spa cabinet panel on the side of the spa under the control panel.		
	After removing the spa cabinet panel, remove the metal control box cover screws and metal control box cover.		
2	Locate the power supply inlet (front of the spa near the base). Select the inlet you want to use, then feed the power cable through to the control box.		
3	Insert the power cable through the large opening provided on the left-side of the metal control box.		
4	4 Connect the wires, color to color, on the terminal strips and tighten securely. Set the circuit board S1 DIP Switch to matc the selected power configuration.		
5	To complete the electrical installation, secure the metal control box door by replacing its screws, then re-install the spa cabinet panel under the control panel.		



# Power Configurations for 980 Kingston™ and Claremont™ Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 60 Amp or Alternate 50 Amp) for Kingston<sup>™</sup> and Claremont<sup>™</sup> hot tub models.

**Note** 

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.		
Config. #1	Standard 60A Configuration (factory setting)  • 240 VAC/60A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  • 60A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  • Maximum electrical current draw of 48A	In the Standard 60A configuration, the heater operates while any two jets pumps and the blower are running.  However, the heater does not operate when all three jets pumps are running.
Config. #2	Alternate 50A Configuration     240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)     50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)     Maximum electrical current draw of 39A	If your home does not have 240V/60A power available, connect the spa to a 240V/50A power source. Then, have a qualified electrician modify the circuit board to match the power source.  In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 60A configuration. However, the heater does not operate while any two jets pumps are running.



# Power Configurations for 980 Lisbon™ and Odessa™ Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 50 Amp, Alternate 40 Amp, or Alternate 60 Amp) for Lisbon™ and Odessa™ hot tub models.

Note

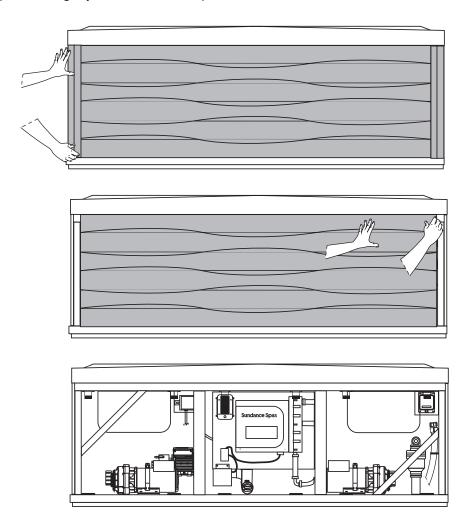
Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

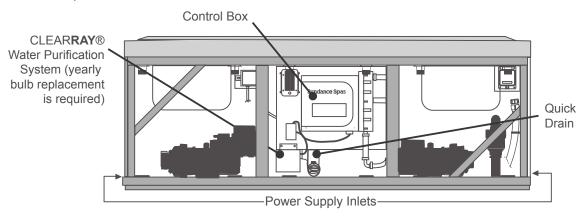
Config. #1	Standard 50A Configuration (factory setting)  • 240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  • 50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  • Maximum electrical current draw of 39A	In this Standard 50A configuration, the heater does not operate while both jets pumps are running.
Config. #2	Alternate 40A Configuration (For homes where 240 VAC/50A or 240 VAC/60A power is unavailable)  • 240 VAC/40A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  • 40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  • Maximum electrical current draw of 28A	If your home electrical service does not have 240V/50A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/40A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 50A configuration, but does not operate while either jets pump are running or when the blower is running.
Config. #3	Alternate 60A Configuration  240 VAC/60A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  60A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Maximum electrical current draw of 48A	In the Alternate 60A configuration, the heater operates while both jets pumps and the blower are running.

# Equipment Access Consideration for 980 Kingston™, Claremont™, Lisbon™, and Odessa™ Models

Grab either the top left or top right side of the front center panel. Gently pull the cabinet forward to unsnap it from the holding clips. Make sure to support the cabinet as you work your way down the side to completely unclip it from the hot tub frame. Once completely unclipped, tilt slightly forward and lift up to remove it from the hot tub frame.



# Installing a 3-Wire 240 VAC Connection for 980 Kingston™, Claremont™, Lisbon™, and Odessa™ Models



**Figure 3:** Spa equipment compartment (Spa features subject to change without notice. Component locations vary by model.)

Figure 4:

The Control Box for 3-wire, 240 VAC connection (The location of the TB1 terminal may vary between models.)

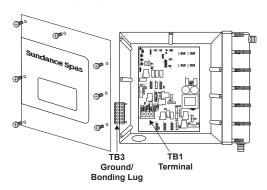
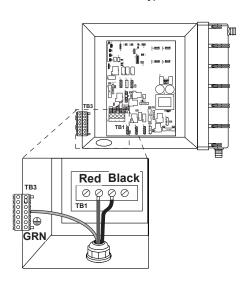
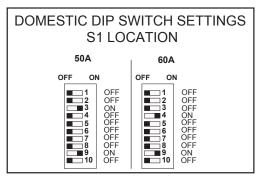


Figure 5 3-wire/240 VAC connection (*Hard Wired Connections Only*)



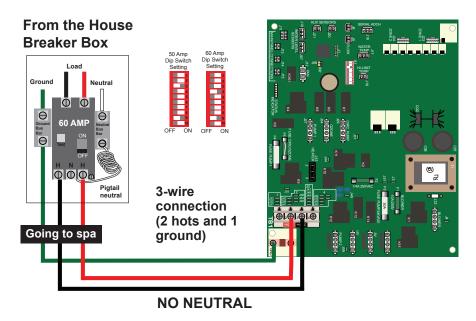
#### Dip Switch Settings for 980 Kingston<sup>™</sup> and Claremont<sup>™</sup> Models



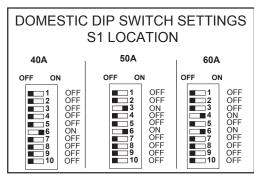
- \*60A is the factory default setting
- \*\*Dip switch #9 must be ON for all 3-pump 980 models

# 240 VAC Connections for 980 Kingston™ and Claremont™ Models (North America 60Hz)

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.



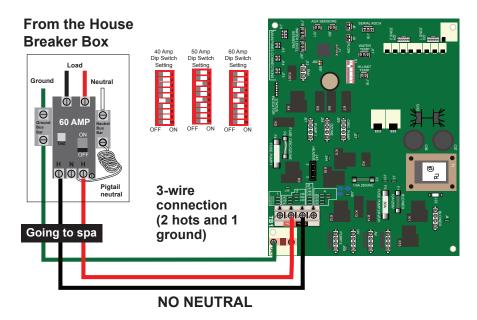
#### Dip Switch Settings for 980 Lisbon<sup>™</sup> and Odessa<sup>™</sup> Models



- \*50A is the factory default setting
- \*\*Dip switch #6 must be ON for all 2-pump 980 models

# 240 VAC Connections for 980 Lisbon™ and Odessa™ Models (North America 60Hz)

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.





# Power Configurations for 880 Aspen<sup>®</sup> and Maxxus<sup>™</sup> Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 60 Amp or Alternate 50 Amp) for Aspen<sup>®</sup> and Maxxus<sup>™</sup> hot tub models.

#### Note

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

Config. #1	Standard 60A Configuration (factory setting)  • 240 VAC/60A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  • 60A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  • Maximum electrical current draw of 48A	In the Standard 60A configuration, the heater operates while any two jets pumps and the blower are running.  However, the heater does not operate when all three jets pumps are running.	
Config. #2	Alternate 50A Configuration     240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)     50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)     Maximum electrical current draw of 39A	If your home does not have 240V/60A power available, connect the spa to a 240V/50A power source. Then, have a qualified electrician modify the circuit board to match the power source.  In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 60A configuration. However, the heater does not operate while any two jets pumps are running.	



# Power Configurations for 880 Altamar™, Cameo®, Cambria™, Marin™, and Optima® Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 50 Amp, Alternate 40 Amp, or Alternate 60 Amp) for Altamar<sup>™</sup>, Cameo<sup>®</sup>, Cambria<sup>™</sup>, Marin<sup>™</sup>, and Optima<sup>®</sup> models.

**Note** 

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

Config. #1	Standard 50A Configuration (factory setting)  240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Maximum electrical current draw of 39A	In this Standard 50A configuration, the heater does not operate while both jets pumps are running.
Config. #2	Alternate 40A Configuration (For homes where 240 VAC/50A or 240 VAC/60A power is unavailable)  240 VAC/40A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Maximum electrical current draw of 28A	If your home electrical service does not have 240V/50A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/40A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 50A configuration, but does not operate while either jets pump are running or when the blower is running.
Config. #3	Alternate 60A Configuration  240 VAC/60A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and ground)  60A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Maximum electrical current draw of 48A	In the Alternate 60A configuration, the heater operates while both jets pumps and the blower are running.



#### Power Configurations for 880 Capri® Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 50 Amp or Alternate 40 Amp) for Capri® models.

#### Note

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

# Config. #1

#### **Standard 50A Configuration**

(factory setting)

- 240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)
- 50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)
- Maximum electrical current draw of 39A

In this Standard 50A configuration, the heater does run if the jets pump and blower are running.

# Config. #2

#### **Alternate 40A Configuration**

(For homes where 240 VAC/50A is unavailable).

- 240 VAC/40A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)
- 40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)
- Maximum electrical current draw of 28A

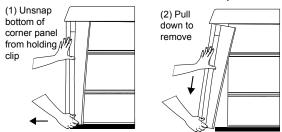
If the home's electrical system does not have the full 240V/50A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/40A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.

In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 50A configuration, but does not run at the same time as either of the jets pumps or when the blower is running.

# Equipment Access Consideration for 880 Altamar™, Cameo®, Cambria™, Marin™, Optima®, and Capri® Models with optional SunSide™ Cabinet

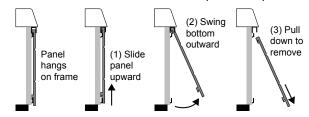
Remove the corner panels by grabbing the bottom and gently pulling away from the spa to unsnap it from the holding clip. Pull downward to remove the corner panel. Then grab the bottom of the front (or side) cabinet panel and lift upward to remove the panel from the bottom holder. Swing the bottom of the panel outward to clear the upper hanger. This will require approx. 18 inches of access room between the spa and any other structures. Slide the panel downward to remove from the spa.

#### **Corner Panel Removal (Front View)**

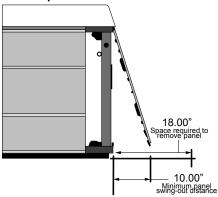


Note: The exterior corner lights on the cabinet panels are connected to the light wires. Take care when removing the corner panels to avoid damaging the wires.

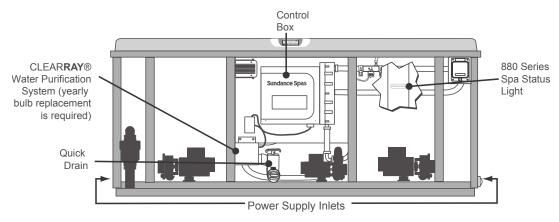
#### Front / Side Panel Removal (Side View)



#### **Important Measurements**



# Installing a 3-Wire 240 VAC Connection for 880 Altamar™, Aspen®, Cameo®, Capri®, Cambria™, Marin™, Maxxus™, Optima® Models



**Figure 6:** Spa equipment compartment (Spa features subject to change without notice. Component locations vary by model.)

Figure 7:
The Control Box for 3-wire, 240 VAC connection (The location of the TB1 terminal may vary between models.)

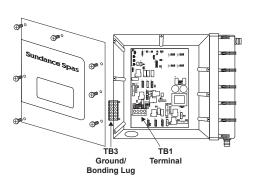
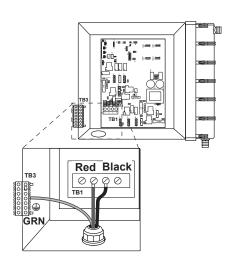
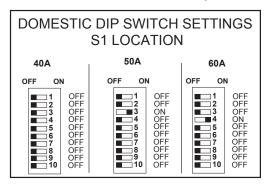


Figure 8
3-wire/240 VAC connection (*Hard Wired Connections Only*)



Dip Switch Settings for 880 Altamar<sup>™</sup>, Aspen<sup>®</sup>, Cameo<sup>®</sup>, Capri<sup>®</sup>, Cambria<sup>™</sup>, Marin<sup>™</sup>, Maxxus<sup>™</sup>, Optima<sup>®</sup> Models

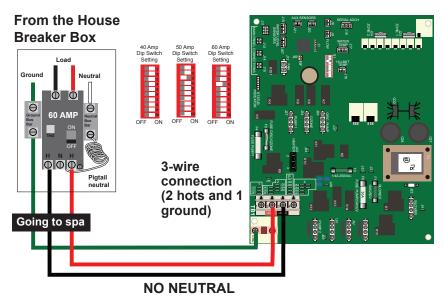


\*50A is the factory default setting for 1 and 2-pump models.

\*\*60A is the factory default setting for 3-pump models.

# 240 VAC Connections for 880 Altamar™, Aspen®, Cameo®, Capri®, Cambria™, Marin™, Optima®, Maxxus™ Models (North America 60Hz)

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.





# Power Configurations for 780 Bristol™, Chelsee®, Hanover™, Hamilton™, and Montclair™ Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 50 Amp, Alternate 40 Amp or Alternate 60 Amp) for Bristol<sup>™</sup>, Chelsee<sup>®</sup>, Hanover<sup>™</sup>, Hamilton<sup>™</sup>, and Montclair<sup>™</sup> models.

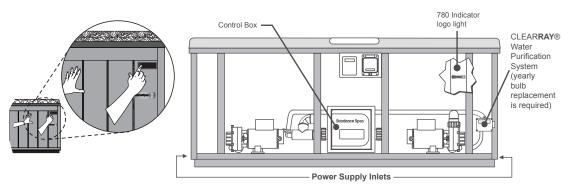
#### Note

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

Config. #1	Standard 50A Configuration (factory setting)  240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)  50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Electrical current draw of 36A	If the home's electrical system does not have 240V/60A, the spa may be connected to a 240V/50A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this Standard 50A configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in 60A operation, but does not operate while both jets pumps are running in high-speed. Note: Pump 2 runs only in high-speed.
Config. #2	Alternate 40A Configuration (For homes where 240 VAC/50A or 240 VAC/60A power is unavailable)  240 VAC/40A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)  40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Electrical current draw of 26A	If the home's electrical system does not have the full 240V/50A or 240V/60A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/40A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this configuration, the heater does not run while either of the jets pumps are running in high-speed. Note: Pump 2 runs only in high-speed.
Config. #3	Alternate 60A Configuration (Optional setting for maximum heater performance)  • 240 VAC/60A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)  • 60A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  • Electrical current draw of 45A	If the home's electrical system has the full 240V/60A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/60A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this configuration, the heater operates while both jets pumps are running. This may be preferable for owners of outdoor spas in cold climates because it will help their spas maintain water temperature during use.

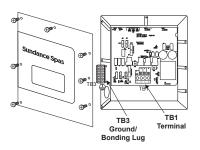
# Installing a 3-Wire 240 VAC Connection for 780 Bristol™, Chelsee®, Hamilton™, Hanover™, Montclair™ Models



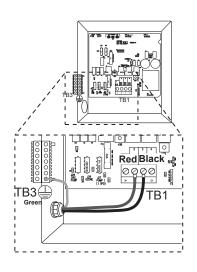
**Figure 9:** Spa equipment compartment (Spa features subject to change without notice. Component locations vary by model.)

#### Figure 10:

The Control Box for 3-wire, 240 VAC connection (The location of the TB1 terminal may vary between models.)

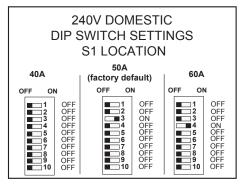


# Figure 11 3-wire/240 VAC connection (*Hard Wired Connections Only*)



Dip Switch Settings for 780 Bristol<sup>™</sup>, Chelsee<sup>®</sup>, Hamilton<sup>™</sup>, Hanover<sup>™</sup>,

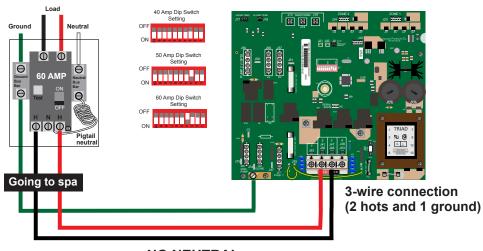
Montclair<sup>™</sup> Models



# 240 VAC Connections for 780 Bristol<sup>™</sup>, Chelsee<sup>®</sup>, Hamilton<sup>™</sup>, Hanover<sup>™</sup>, Montclair<sup>™</sup> Models (North America 60Hz)

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.

## From the House Breaker Box



**NO NEUTRAL** 



# Power Configurations for 680 Edison®, McKinley™, Peyton®, and Ramona™ Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the power configuration choices (Standard 50 Amp, Alternate 40 Amp or Alternate 60 Amp) for Edison®, McKinley™, Peyton®, and Ramona™ models.

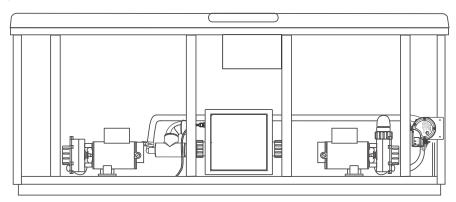
Note

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. Do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

Config. #1	Standard 50A Configuration (factory setting)  240 VAC/50A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)  50A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Electrical current draw of 36A	If the home's electrical system does not have 240V/60A, the spa may be connected to a 240V/50A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this Standard 50A configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in 60A operation, but does not operate while both jets pumps are running in high-speed. Note: Pump 2 runs only in high-speed.
Config. #2	Alternate 40A Configuration (For homes where 240 VAC/50A or 240 VAC/60A power is unavailable)  240 VAC/40A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)  40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Electrical current draw of 26A	If the home's electrical system does not have the full 240V/50A or 240V/60A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/40A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this configuration, the heater does not run while either jets pump is running in high-speed. Note: Pump 2 runs only in high-speed.
Config. #3	Alternate 60A Configuration (Optional setting for maximum heater performance)  • 240 VAC/60A 3-wire configuration (2 hots and a ground)  • 60A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  • Electrical current draw of 45A	If the home's electrical system has the full 240V/60A power available, the spa may be connected to a 240V/60A power source after a qualified electrician makes a minor circuit board modification.  In this configuration, the heater operates while both jets pumps are running in high-speed. This may be preferable for owners of outdoor spas in cold climates because it will help their spas maintain water temperature during use.

# Installing a 3-Wire 240 VAC Connection for 680 Edison®, McKinley™, Peyton®, Ramona® Models



**Figure 12:** Spa equipment compartment (Spa features subject to change without notice. Component locations vary by model.)

Figure 13: The Control Box for 3-wire, 240 VAC connection (The location of the TB1 terminal may vary between models.)

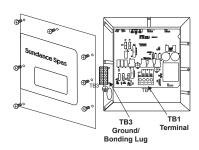
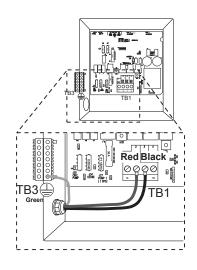


Figure 14
3-wire/240 VAC connection (*Hard Wired Connections Only*)



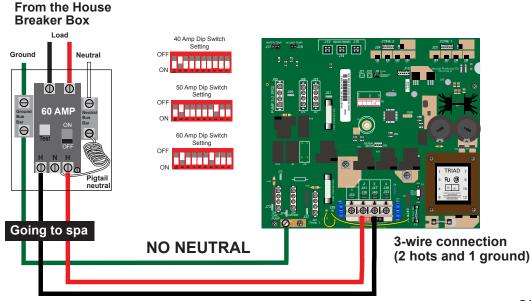
Dip Switch Settings for 680 Edison<sup>®</sup>, McKinley<sup>™</sup>, Peyton<sup>®</sup>, Ramona<sup>®</sup>

240V DOMESTIC **DIP SWITCH SETTINGS** S1 LOCATION 50A 40A 60A (factory default) OFF ON OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ÖFF OFF ON OFF OFF ON OFF

Dip switch #9 must be ON for a 2-pump model

# 240 VAC Connections for 680 Edison®, McKinley™, Peyton®, and Ramona™ Models (North America 60Hz)

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.





#### Power Configurations for 780 Dover™ Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the three power configuration choices (Standard 15 Amp, Alternate 30 Amp or Alternate 40 Amp) for Dover<sup>™</sup> models.

#### Note

Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

Important: All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. To avoid damage to the spa, do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

#### Standard 15A Configuration (factory setting)

# # Config.

Config.

Config

- 120 VAC/15A 3-wire configuration (hot, neutral, and ground)
- 1 kW heater output
- Use either the 15A GFCI power cord (supplied only for US models) or a 15A single-pole GFCI breaker (not supplied)
- Maximum electrical current draw of 12A

#### In this Standard 15A configuration, the heater does not operate if the high-speed jets pump is activated.

Place the spa within 10 ft (3m) of a dedicated grounded, grounding-type electrical outlet so that the power cord supplied with the spa can be plugged directly into it. Use the power cord shipped from the factory. Using another power cord may void the warranty.

If the spa is more than 10 ft (3m) from an outlet, it must be hard wired to a 15A single-pole GFCI breaker.

#### Alternate 30A Configuration #2

- 240 VAC/30A 4-wire configuration (2 hots, neutral, and ground)
- 4 kW heater output
- 30A dual-pole GFCI breaker (not supplied)
- Maximum electrical current draw of 20A

#### If your home does not have 240V/40A power available, connect the spa to a 240V/30A power source. Then, have a qualified electrician modify the circuit board to match the power source.

In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 40A configuration. However, the heater does not operate at the same time the high-speed jets pump is operating.

#### Alternate 40A Configuration #3

- 240 VAC/40A 4-wire configuration (2 hots, neutral, and ground)
- 4 kW heater output
- 40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)
- Maximum electrical current draw of 31A

In the Alternate 40A configuration, the heater does operate at the same time the high-speed jets pump is operating. It is necessary to have a qualified electrician modify the circuit board.

#### 30



# Power Configurations for 680 Denali®, Tacoma®, Prado™, and Prado5™ Models (North America 60Hz)

This section describes the three power configuration choices (Standard 15 Amp, Alternate 30 Amp or Alternate 40 Amp) for Denali®, Tacoma®, Prado™, and Prado5™ models.

Note

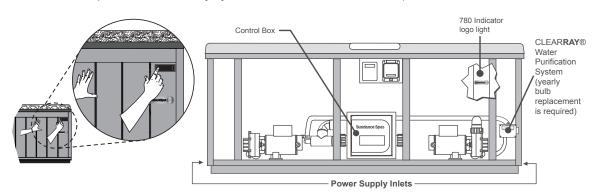
Wire size must meet NEC recommendations and is determined by maximum current draw and length of run.

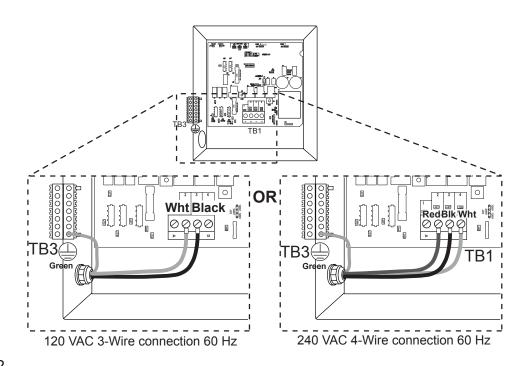
**Important:** All of the alternative electrical configurations require a qualified technician to perform minor circuit board modifications. <u>To avoid damage to the spa</u>, do not activate power to the spa until these modifications have been made. We recommend Square-D circuit breakers.

Config. #1	<ul> <li>Standard 15A Configuration</li> <li>(factory setting)</li> <li>120 VAC/15A 3-wire configuration (hot, neutral, and ground)</li> <li>1 kW heater output</li> <li>Use either the 15A GFCI power cord (supplied only for US models) or a 15A single-pole GFCI breaker (not supplied)</li> <li>Maximum electrical current draw of 12A</li> </ul>	In this Standard 15A configuration, the heater does not operate if the high-speed jets pump is activated.  Place the spa within 10 ft (3m) of a dedicated grounded, grounding-type electrical outlet so that the power cord supplied with the spa can be plugged directly into it. Use the power cord shipped from the factory. Using another power cord may cancel the warranty.  If the spa is more than 10 ft (3m) from an outlet, it must be hard wired to a 15A single-pole GFCI breaker.
Config. #2	<ul> <li>Alternate 30A Configuration</li> <li>240 VAC/30A 4-wire configuration (2 hots, neutral, and ground)</li> <li>4 kW heater output</li> <li>30A dual-pole GFCI breaker (not supplied)</li> <li>Maximum electrical current draw of 20A</li> </ul>	If your home does not have 240V/40A power available, connect the spa to a 240V/30A power source. Then, have a qualified electrician modify the circuit board to match the power source.  In this configuration, the heater yields the same rapid temperature rise as in the 40A configuration. However, the heater does not operate at the same time the high-speed jets pump is operating.
Config. #3	Alternate 40A Configuration  240 VAC/40A 4-wire configuration (2 hots, neutral, and ground)  4 kW heater output  40A dual-pole GFCI breaker (hard wired only)  Maximum electrical current draw of 31A	In the Alternate 40A configuration, the heater does operate at the same time the high-speed jets pump is operating. It is necessary to have a qualified electrician modify the circuit board.

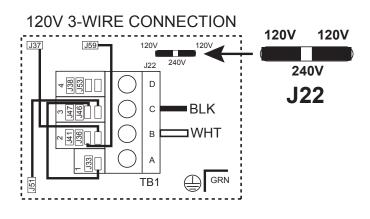
# Installing a 3-Wire 120 VAC or 4-Wire 120/240 VAC Connection for: 780 Dover™ Models, 680 Denali®, Tacoma®, Prado™, Prado5™ Models

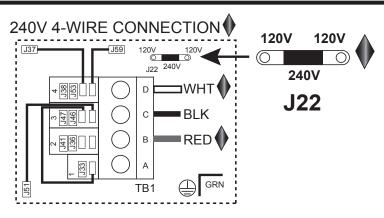
**Figure 18** The Spa Equipment Compartment (spa features subject to change without notice. Component locations vary by model. 780 Dover model shown.)





Installing a 3-Wire 120 VAC or 4-Wire 120/240 VAC Connection for: 780 Dover<sup>™</sup> Models, 680 Denali<sup>®</sup>, Tacoma<sup>®</sup>, Prado<sup>™</sup>, Prado<sup>™</sup> Models



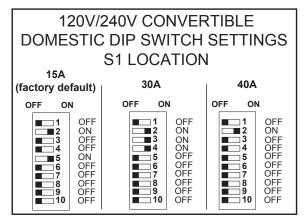




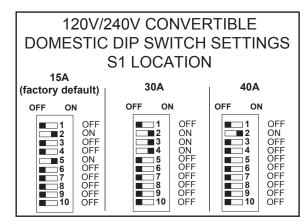
**CAUTION:** (FOR 4-WIRE 240 VAC HEATER OPERATION.) The jumper located at J22 must be changed from a 120V to a 240V configuration. Make sure to connect the wires as shown at TB1, for a 240V connection, before applying power. Jumper wires MUST be changed. Failure to follow these steps will result in damage to the circuit board and/or related components and void the manufactures warranty.

# Dip Switch Settings for 780 Dover™ Models, 680 Denali®, Tacoma®, Prado™, Prado5™ Models

#### A. 780 Dover Model



#### B. 680 Denali, Tacoma, Prado, Prado5 Models



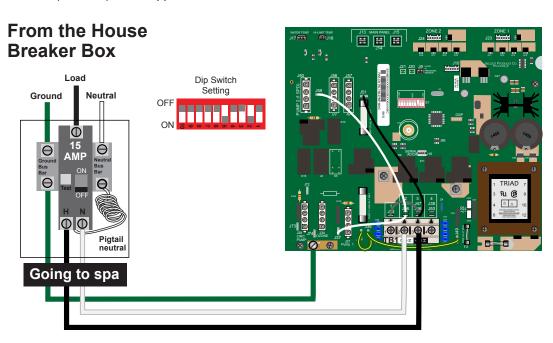
\*\*Dip switch #9 must be OFF for a 1-pump model

# 120 VAC Connections for 780 Dover™ Models, 680 Denali<sup>®</sup>, Tacoma<sup>®</sup>, Prado<sup>™</sup>, Prado5<sup>™</sup> Models (North America 60Hz)

If the supplied 10 ft GFCI power cord (US only) cannot reach a dedicated, grounded wall outlet, it is necessary to install a 3-wire, hard-wired connection. These diagrams illustrate that configuration.

For enhanced heater performance the use of a 4-wire power connection is necessary.

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least a #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.



- 1. If spa is being hard wired, remove the factory installed GFCI cord.
- 2. Make sure the electrician runs a 15 Amp GFCI breaker. Follow instructions for a 3-wire 120VAC hook up as depicted above.

WARNING: If spa wires are not installed incorrectly damage will occur.

# 240 VAC Connections for 780 Dover™ Models, 680 Denali®, Tacoma®, Prado™, Prado5™ Models (North America 60Hz)

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.

#### From the House **Breaker Box** 30 Amp Dip Switch Setting Load Neutral Ground $\Phi \blacksquare \Phi$ 40 Amn Dip Switch Setting **40 AMP** $\Phi \Phi \Phi$ Pigtail neutral Going to spa

- 1. Remove the factory installed GFCI cord.
- 2. On board, move the white wires from J41 and J36 to J38 and J53.
- 3. On J22, remove jumpers from pins 1 and 2, and pins 3 and 4. Place one jumper across pins 2 and 3.
- 4. Make sure the electrician runs a 30A/40A GFCI breaker. Follow instructions for a 4-wire 240VAC hook up as depicted above.
- 5. Add hot wire (red) to TB1 position 2 and other hot wire to position 3.
- 6. Add neutral wire to position 4 and ground to ground buss.

WARNING: If spa wire is not moved or installed incorrectly damage will occur.

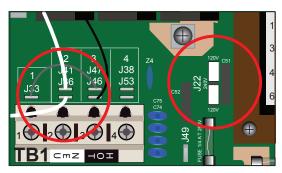
# Connection Configuration 120V to 240 VAC Connections side by side for convertible 780 Dover™ Models, 680 Denali®, Tacoma®, Prado™, Prado5™ Models (North America 60Hz)

If the supplied 10 ft GFCI power cord (US only) cannot reach a dedicated, grounded wall outlet, it is necessary to install a 3-wire, hard-wired connection. These diagrams illustrate that configuration.

For enhanced heater performance the use of a 4-wire power connection is necessary.

A pressure sensitive terminal block (bonding lug) is attached to the outside surface of the load box. This permits the connection of a bonding wire between this point and any metal equipment chassis, metal water pipe, or metal conduit within 5 ft (1.5m) of the spa. The bonding wire must be at least a #8 AWG (8.4 mm²) solid copper wire.

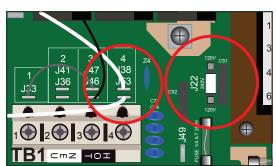
## Convertible 120V 3-Wire (1 hot, 1 ground, and 1 neutral)



Wire jumper wires at J41 and J36

**J22 = 2 jumpers** for **120V** 

# Convertible 240V 4-Wire (2 hots, 1 ground, and 1 neutral)



Wire jumpers move to J38 and J53

J22 = 1 jumper for 240V

#### **Spa Dimensions and Specifications**

#### **Useful Details About the Spa**

The tables below provide the spa dimensions and specifications that may be helpful when installing your spa. These specifications are approximate. The filled weight specifications vary depending on the height of the spa's water. The filled weight is the weight of the spa (empty), plus the weight of the water at its maximum potential capacity (filled to the point of overflowing). The filled weight specifications do not include the weight of potential hot tub users who might be inside the hot tub. To ensure proper operation, the spa's water should always be above all the jets, and approximately one inch below all the pillows.

#### NOTE

Always measure your spa before making critical design or delivery pathway decisions. These specifications are subject to change without notice and are for reference only.

980 Series					
Model	Width	Length	Height	Average Filled Weight	Min Pad Size
Kingston™	92 in. (233.7 cm)	100 in. (254 cm)	34 in. (86.4 cm)	4315 lb. (1957 kg)	4 in. (102 mm)
Claremont <sup>™</sup>	92 in. (233.7 cm)	100 in. (254 cm)	34 in. (86.4 cm)	4347 lb. (1972 kg)	
Odessa™	89 in (226 cm)	89 in (226 cm)	34 in (86.4 cm)	3657 lb (1659 kg)	
Lisbon™	89 in (226 cm)	89 in (226 cm)	34 in (86.4 cm)	3913 lb (1775 kg)	

880 Series					
Model	Width	Length	Height	Average Filled Weight	Min. Pad Size
Altamar™	81 in. (206 cm)	86 in. (218.5 cm)	37.5 in. (95.5 cm)	4128 lb. (1872 kg)	
Aspen <sup>®</sup>	90 in. (229 cm)	110 in (279.5 cm)	41.5 in (105.5 cm)	5577 lb. (2530 kg)	4 in. (102 mm)
Cameo®	89 in. (226 cm)	89 in. (226 cm)	37.5 in. (95.5 cm)	4048 lb. (1836 kg)	
Capri <sup>®</sup>	69 in. (175.5 cm)	82 in. (208.5 cm)	30.5 in. (77.5 cm)	2553 lb. (1158 kg)	
Cambria <sup>™</sup>	76 in. (193 cm)	91 in. (231 cm)	34 in. (86.4 cm)	3566 lb. (1617 kg)	
Marin™	76 in. (193 cm)	91 in. (231 cm)	34 in. (86.4 cm)	3472 lb. (1575 kg)	
Maxxus <sup>™</sup>	90 in. (229 cm)	110 in. (279.5 cm)	41.5 in. (105.5 cm)	5478 lb. (2485 kg)	
Optima <sup>®</sup>	89 in. (226 cm)	89 in. (226 cm)	37.5 in. (95.5 cm)	4343 lb. (1970 kg)	

#### Useful Details About the Spa, Continued

780 Series					
Model	Width	Length	Height	Average Filled Weight	Min. Pad Size
Bristol™	84 in. (213 cm)	84 in. (213 cm)	36 in. (91 cm)	2921 lb. (1325 kg)	4 in. (102 mm)
Chelsee®	89 in. (226 cm)	89 in. (226 cm)	37.5 in. (95.5 cm)	4209 lb. (1909 kg)	
Dover™	69 in. (175.5 cm)	82 in. (208.5 cm)	30.5 in. (77.5 cm)	2538 lb. (1151 kg)	
Hanover™	84 in. (213 cm)	84 in. (213 cm)	36 in. (91 cm)	2960 lb. (1343 kg)	
Hamilton™	89 in. (226 cm)	89 in. (226 cm)	37.5 in. (95.5 cm)	4104 lb. (1861 kg)	
Montclair™	75 in. (191 cm)	91 in. (231 cm)	33 in. (84 cm)	3375 lb. (1531kg)	

680 Series					
Model	Width	Length	Height	Average Filled Weight	Min. Pad Size
Denali <sup>®</sup>	78.5 in. (200 cm)	78.5 in. (200 cm)	36 in. (91.5 cm)	2562 lb. (1162 kg)	
Edison <sup>®</sup>	84 in. (214 cm)	84 in. (214 cm)	36 in. (92 cm)	3677 lb. (1668 kg)	
McKinley™	89 in. (226 cm)	89 in. (226 cm)	36 in. (92 cm)	4197 lb. (1904 kg)	
Peyton <sup>®</sup>	84 in. (214 cm)	84 in. (214 cm)	36 in. (92 cm)	3682 lb. (1670 kg)	4 in. (102 mm)
Prado <sup>™</sup> Prado5 <sup>™</sup>	84 in. (214 cm)	76 in. (193 cm)	34.5 in. (87 cm)	3517 lb. (1596 kg)	
Ramona <sup>™</sup>	89 in. (226 cm)	89 in. (226 cm)	36 in. (92 cm)	4193 lb. (1902 kg)	
Tacoma <sup>®</sup>	68 in. (173 cm)	68 in. (173 cm)	31 in. (79 cm)	1633 lb. (741 kg)	

#### **Water Capacity and Average Fill Volume**

#### **Water Capacity Reference For Chemicals**

\* Use approximate average fill for chemical measurement

Model	*Approximate Average Fill
Altamar™	390 US gal. (1476 Liters)
Aspen <sup>®</sup>	520 US gal. (1968 Liters)
Bristol™	350 US gal. (1325 Liters)
Cambria™	335 US gal. (1268 Liters)
Cameo®	370 US gal. (1401 Liters)
Capri®	230 US gal. (871 Liters)
Claremont™	405 US gal. (1533 Liters)
Marin™	320 US gal. (1211 Liters)
Maxxus™	523 US gal. (1979 Liters)
Optima <sup>®</sup>	410 US gal. (1552 Liters)
Odessa™	341 US gal (1291 Liters)
Chelsee <sup>®</sup>	400 US gal. (1514 Liters)
Hamilton™	393 US gal. (1488 Liters)
Hanover™	355 US gal. (1344 Liters)
Kingston™	401 US gal. (1518 Liters)
Lisbon™	370 US gal (1401 Liters)
Montclair™	310 US gal. (1173 Liters)
Denali <sup>®</sup>	240 US gal. (908 Liters)
Edison®	350 US gal. (1325 Liters)
McKinley™	410 US gal. (1552 Liters)
Peyton <sup>®</sup>	340 US gal. (1287 Liters)
Prado <sup>™</sup> / Prado5 <sup>™</sup>	354 US gal. (1340 Liters)
Ramona™	410 US gal. (1552 Liters)
Tacoma <sup>®</sup>	145 US gal. (549 Liters)
Victoria™	400 US gal. (1514 Liters)

- Total Spa Volume is the approximate measurement of water it takes to fill the total area inside the spa.
- Average Fill is the approximate measurement of water used to cover all jets but does not touch the bottom of the lowest headrest.

# **Sundance** Spas

www.sundancespas.com 800-883-7727

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